BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, May 6th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, in advance; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. 1863.

The New-York Tribune, first issued in 1841, in its twenty-second years, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862 is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-eminently a journal of News and of Literature, The Tribune has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart, the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The Tribune devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that not otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of all friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of The Tribune. Our new terms are:

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The Tribune Almanac for 1863 will be ready about Christmas.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, Proprietor

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OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

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oct2. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 39—No. 18. Beaver, Wednesday, May 6, 1863. Established 1818

Army Correspondence

Camp near Falmouth, Va., April 22d, 1863.

Mr. Editor: By granting a space in your columns for the following, you will confer a favor on many of your Beaver county friends in the 140th Reg. P. V. A day or two since one of the boys handed me a letter which he had received from a citizen of Beaver county, requesting me to reply to it publicly. The following is a correct copy of the letter, *verbatim et literatim*—orthography, punctuation, &c. After giving the home news, he says:

"I suppose you are enjoying yourself as well as could be expected considering the circumstances a soldiers life. for my part I felt as though I would have like to have went with you but I am very well satisfied I did not go since they have turned the war from fighting for the union and the constitution to fighting for the negrows and their freedom irrespective of the freedom and liberty of the white man it is too Bad the way things have been going this while that citizens must be arrested By an arbitrary power and draged away to some unknown prison just because they have been speaking their minds. this is the liberty we enjoy, and as long as they are for freeing the Blacks and not trying to save the Union I am not going until I cant help it. it is to Bad the way the democrats are used, they are called traitors southern sympathisers Rebs and copperheads, a name which surprises me, that any cristian would call any of his fellow men such names. yet some of our own elders in our own church do it. I say there is no cristianity about such men. I despise such cristians they are disgrace to the church. if they turn the war for the union and the constitution I will go and help to put down the rebelion. But as long as it is not for that end all I want is for them to send the democrats home them traitors and *Rebs as they are called*, and then let such men as C——n and the like fight it out. W—— you may think this hard talk But is just the truth and if it was not I would be very sorry to write such a letter to you, I would like to know what you think about it and what the feeling of the Boys is jenerally, but I must quit for the want of room. Your Friend, S. W. K.

Mr. Editor, I am no letter-writer, and would not trouble you with this, only to give the writer of the foregoing, and his friends, a little insight into the "feeling of the Boys jenerally." We soldiers can feel a certain kind of respect for the bravery of the rebels who come out openly and meet us face to face on the battle-field, but have none for Northern men who are base and cowardly enough to turn a deaf ear to the call of their country in her hour of need—who think a negrow" is not good enough to fight in the ranks against treason, (if they would come to our piquet line and see the Rebel line almost exclusively guarded by darky sentinels, methinks they would change their tune,) who prate about the Constitution being so often broken by Uncle Abraham, but have nothing to say while Davis and his minions are not alone guilty of violation the Constitution, but of striking at the very existence of our Government.

When we left our homes, and took up arms, it was from a sense of the duty we owed to our Government—The fires of Patriotism were then burning brightly in the North. We believed firmly that we were going forth to battle for the Right—in the cause of Liberty and Union—and we could then "give a reason for the faith that was within us." Now after enduring the hardships and privations incident to a soldier's life, standing, as we do, face to face with the foe, and with the prospect of soon meeting them in battle, we cannot see that the issue has changed. We believe that the only way to end this war is to fight it out. The Rebels will never yield to the lawful authority of the Government until they are subdued by force of arms; and this is the only concession we want.

We think "it is too Bad the way things have been going this while"—at home. We do not like the teachings and doctrines of the so called "Peace Party" in the North. They are giving the Rebels all the aid in their power, and by giving them their sympathy are encouraging them to hold out still longer. It is an outrage that, instead of coming out manfully on the side of Union and Liberty, they have ignominiously turned their backs to all the dictates of honor and principle, and the best interests of their native land, to act the base part of cowards and tories.

We believe it is the duty of every "elder and cristian" to denounce such men wherever they are to be found, and it would not hurt our feelings if they would do even more than "call them names." We do not think the good christians of Beaver county need be troubled by the writer's contempt, as the respect and esteem of a "copperhead" is not a very great desideratum with loyal lovers of the Union at present.

Yours, &c.,
J. B. VANCE,
Lieut. Co. B, 140th Reg. P. V.

Letter from Mr. Chase.

The following is a correct copy of the letter of Mr. Chase to the Loyal National League, in response to their invitation to attend the Sumter meeting:

"Washington, April 9 1863.

"Gentlemen: Imperative demands on my time compel me to deny myself the gratification of attending the meeting to which you kindly invite me.

"You will meet to send words of cheer to our brave generals and soldiers in the field; to rebuke treason in our midst, giving, in the garb of peace, aid and comfort to treason in the panoply of war; to maintain inviolate the integrity of the national territory and the supremacy of the national constitution and laws; to strengthen the hands and nerve the heart of the President for the great work to which God and the people have called him. For what worthier purposes can American citizens now assemble?

"It is my fixed faith, gentlemen, that God does not mean that this American republic shall perish. We are tried as by fire, but our country will live. Notwithstanding all the violence and all the machinations of traitors and their sympathisers, on this or the other side of the Atlantic, our country will live.

"And while our country lives slavery, the chief source, and cause, and agent of our ills, will die. The friends of the Union in the South, before rebellion, predicted the destruction of slavery as a consequence of secession. it that madness should prevail.—Nothing, in my judgment, is more certain than the fulfilment of these predictions. Safe in the states before rebellion, from all federal interference, slavery has come out from its shelter, under state constitutions and laws, to assail the national life. It will surely die, pierced by its own fangs and sting.

"What matter now how it dies?—Whether as a consequence or object of the war what matter? Is this a time to split hairs of logic? To me it seems that Providence indicates clearly enough how the end of slavery must come. It comes in rebel slave states by military order, decree or proclamation; not to be disregarded or set aside in any event as a nullity, but maintained and executed with perfect good faith to all the enfranchised; and it will come in loyal slave states by the unconstrained action of the people and their legislatures, aided freely and generously by their brethern of the free states. I may be mistaken in this, but if I am another better way will be revealed.

"Meantime it seems to me very necessary to say distinctly what many yet shrink from saying. The American blacks must be called into this conflict, not as cattle, not now, even, as contrabands, but as men. In the free states, and, by the proclamation, in the rebel states, they are free men. The Attorney General, in an opinion which defies refutation, has pronounced these freemen citizens of United States. Let, then, the example of Andrew Jackson, who did not hesitate to oppose colored regiments to British invasion, be now fearlessly followed. Let these blacks, acclimated familiar with the country, capable of great endurance, receive suitable military organization, and do their part. We need their good will, and must make them our friends by showing ourselves their friends. We must have them for guides, for scouts, for all military service in camp or field for which they are qualified. Thus employed, from a burden, they will become a support and the hazards, privations, and labors of the white soldiers will be proportionably diminished.

"Some will object, oh course: There are always objectors to everything practical. Let experience dispel honest fears and refute captious or disloyal cavil.

"Above all, gentlemen, let no doubt rest on our resolution to sustain with all our hearts and with all our means the soldiers now in arms for the republic. Let their ranks be filled up; let their supplies be sufficient and regular; let their pay be sure. Let nothing be wanting to them which can issue activity and efficiency. Let each brave officer and man realize that his country's love attends him, and that his country's hopes hang upon him; and, inspired by this thought, let him dare and do all that is possible to be dared and done.

"So, gentlemen, with the blessing of God, will we make a glorious future sure. I see it rising before me—how beautiful and grand! There is not time to speak of it now; from all quarters of the lands comes the voice of the sovereign people, rebuking faction, denouncing treason, and proclaiming the indivisible unity of the republic; and in this Heaven-inspired union of the people, for the sake of the Union, is the sure promise of that splendid hereafter.

"With great respect, yours very truly, "S. P. Chase.

"Hon. George Opdyke, George Griswold, Esq., and others, Committee of the Loyal National League, New York."

In a private letter, accompanying the above Mr. Chase uses the following words, the latter of which may well be adopted as a motto by every Loyal National League in the land:

"What said the Roman orator when Catiline armed against his country: 'Let what each man thinks concerning the Republic be inscribed upon his forehead.'"

The Knights of the Golden Circle Resting the Law!

From the Middleburg (Pa.) Trib. Apr. 22.

It becomes our painful duty to chronicle one of the saddest, and at the same time one of the most daring and damnable attempts at defying the the laws and the Government, that has yet occurred in this section of the country.

To make the matter clear it becomes necessary to enter somewhat into detail.

When the draft was made in October last, a young man, by the name of James Hummel, of Middlecreek township, *voluntarily* entered into an arrangement, with Mr. Azariah Kreeger, to go as substitute for the latter, who was drafted into the service of the United States. This arrangement was made. Hummel took the money or at least part of it, and went to Harrisburg, where he was *sworn* into the service of the United States and Mr. Kreeger accordingly discharged.

Hummel remained at Harrisburg a short time, and then *deserted*, thereby defrauding the Government out of the services of Mr. Kreeger to which it was entitled, and also Mr. Kreeger, out of his money, by not giving value therefor.

This man Hummel, together with some other deserters, since the time of their desertion, have been defying the authorities and threatening to kill any man who should attempt to arrest them. They however found it convenient to secrete themselves, whenever the guards were about, which fact was duly heralded by the Tory organ, the Selinsgrove *Times*.—Thus things went on until last Saturday, when Capt. Cox, who is stationed at this place, by some means learned that there was to be a funeral at New Berlin, at which it was quite probable that Hummel would be present. He accordingly ordered Sergeant Kephart and an assistant to New Berlin, with instructions to arrest him in church, very reasonably presuming that there no resistance would be made, and blood shed avoided. But he was sadly mistaken; these desperadoes were fully armed for any emergency. The Sergeant, with his assistant, entered the church, and walked right up to Hummel, tapped him on the shoulder, and commanded him to surrender, upon which Hummel drew a revolver and fired two loads at Mr. Kephart, when the Sergeant fired hitting Hummel in the side, the ball (it is said) through his lungs.—He, however, discharged two more barrels at the Sergeant after he was wounded. While this scene was being enacted the friends of Hummel some fifteen or twenty in number, rushed in upon the officer with revolvers, and some with their fists, beating and clubbing him and his assistant, and firing their pistols at them.

We are told that there were some eleven shots fired during the melee, of which the officers in discharge of their duty, fired only four.

Sergeant Kephart and his aid made their escape from the enraged rebels without injury, except a little scratch upon the knuckle of one of the fingers of the Sergeant; two balls however, passed through his coat and one rested in the lining of his vest, which he extracted on Sunday, without much pain. The last news we have from Hummel is, that he is not expected to live.

These are some of the out croppings of the develish teachings of Frank Weirick, Jack Cummings & Co. They spare on these poor, ignorant, deluded people, to acts of treason and rebellion, and leave them to pay the forfeit with their lives, while these treacherous, cowardly villains are in their dens of safety, preaching up that we have no Government.

Let the people take warning; this is a spark from the volcano, with which the tory organs have been threatening us. Let the Government put forth its strong hand and nip this incipient treason in the bud, otherwise there may be bloody times close at hand.

A Modol Speech.

A Captain in an Iowa regiment, having been informed that his company had subscribed a handsome sum for the purpose of purchasing and presenting him with an elegant sash and sword, called his men together and delivered himself of the following model speech:

"Boys, if you have any money to spare, send it home to your families, if they need it; if not, keep it until you need it yourselves. I will buy my own sword. Should you do it, and should it come to disgrace in these hands, you could not but regret the gift, or should I accept it from you, and some day find it my imperative duty to kick some one of the donors out of this company, it might be unpleasant to think that I was under obligations to that person as a contributor to the elegant sword fund. For these reasons I must firmly and kindly decline the favor which your loyal hearts prompt you to bestow. Wait until the war is over; wait until the tide of battle shall have been stayed—till the raging billows of this accursed rebellion shall have been rolled back; wait until I have proved myself worthy to receive so noble a gift—until you have shown yourselves by deeds of daring and feats of bravery worthy to bestow it upon me; then, perchance, I may be happy to accept, at your hands, some lasting testimonial of your confidence and esteem. Till then wait."

Adventures of a Federal Spy.

In May, 1861, Arnold Harris visited Buffalo. It was the day of the departure of the Twenty-eighth regiment for the seat of war, and recognizing a number of his friends in the ranks he enlisted, and marched by their side.—Soon after his arrival at the Army of the Potomac he was transferred to the naval service, and placed in command of the Island Belle, of the Potomac flotilla. A few months later he lost his vessel and applied for another command.

The Department proposed to send him to Richmond to frustrate, if possible, the projects of George N. Sanders, who had just then secured contracts from the rebel government for a navy to be built in England. He accepted the perilous mission, and soon made his way to the Confederate capital. Without any disguise of name or person, he succeeded in acquiring the confidence of the rebel authorities, and established himself on intimate terms with several of the most important officials. His situation, however, was dangerous in the extreme, and he was arrested and confined in Castle Thunder for seventeen days.—He was recognized by two Marylanders as the former commander of the Island Belle. Upon his trial he acknowledged the identification, claiming to have done the Confederacy more service, while holding a command in the Federal navy, than he could have done by openly joining its cause at an earlier day. His audacity triumphed, and he not only obtained an acquittal, but continued to enjoy the confidence of the rebel authorities, or rather, of all but Benjamin, who was suspicious of him throughout.

Soon after his discharge from Castle Thunder he became a participant of the enterprises of Sanders, who had recently returned from Europe.—As soon as Sanders had perfected his arrangements with Jeff. & Co., he was to return to England with money and documents necessary to the carrying out of his schemes. His son, Reid Sanders, and Harris were to accompany him. The aim of the latter was to secure Sander's mail. He succeeded in having it arranged that George, with his friends, should proceed by way of Matamoros to Halifax, while Reid Sanders and he, with the document and despatches to be taken, were to run the blockade at Charleston, and get to Halifax by way of Nassau. In accordance with this plan, Sanders, junior, and Harris proceeded to Charleston and purchased a yacht, which they loaded with turpentine, and started gaily out, in January last, to slip through the blockading fleet, and make for Nassau. Great interest was taken in the enterprise, and before leaving the voyagers were entertained at a dinner with Beauregard and the leading celebrities of the city.

Meantime Harris had succeeded in communicating with one of the vessels of the outside fleet, and putting its commander upon the watch. The yatch, as she ran out of the harbor, was speedily detected, and subjected to a cannonade which frightened Sanders out of his wits, and made him eager to surrender. The mail-bag, heavily freighted with iron, was thrown overboard; but Harris had previously abstracted from it a portmanteau containing the important despatches and documents, substituting in its stead his own, which happened as a remarkable coincidence, of course, to be its exact counterpart.

The capture of Reid Sanders will be remembered. Harris is at present in Buffalo, on a visit to his friends. He ranks as a lieutenant in the navy.

An Incident.—At a recent anniversary of the Christian Commission in Philadelphia, the following incident was related:

A brave Captain of one of our West ern Regiments told one of us his story as we were removing him to the hospital. He had received a wound from which he could not recover, and while lying on the battle-field, suffered intensely from thirst. Rain was falling, and as he supported his head upon one hand, a little pool of water collected under his elbow. But he tried in vain to get a mouthful of it to quench his thirst—he could not reach it. Said he: "I never felt so much the loss of any earthly blessing. By and by night fell, and the stars shone out clear and beautiful above the dark field; I began to think of the Great God who had given his Son to die a death of agony for me, and that he was up there—up above this scene of suffering, and above those glorious stars; and I felt that I was going home to meet him, and praise him there; and I felt that I ought to praise God, even when wounded on the battle-field. I could not help singing that beautiful hymn,

When I can read my title clear,
To mansions in the skies,
I'll bid farewell to every fear,
And wipe my weeping eyes.

"And," said he, "there was a Christian brother in the bush near me. I could not see him, but I could hear him.—He took up the strain; and beyond him another and another caught it up, and all over the terrible battle field of Shiloh that night, the echo was resounding, and we made the the field of battle ring with hymns to God!"

☞ "Your Honor was right and I wrong—as your honor is very apt to be," said a counsellor to a presiding judge.

A Southern Nobility Proposed.

A correspondent of the Louisville *Journal*, who has recently returned from Paris, where he has spent most of the time since the outbreak of the rebellion, writes from this city, that he recently received from a friend in the French capitol who is intimately connected with the court, the following information:

"On the 21st day of January last, a letter was received at the court of France, dated Richmond, Va., November 2d, 1862, and signed by seventy-three of the leading men of the Southern Confederacy, including Jeff. Davis, Cabinet and many senators, but (as we both remarked, with some surprise,) by only two generals of their army, viz: Toombs and Wise, urging upon Napoleon a speedy recognition of the Southern Confederacy, and as an inducement offered the following reasons:

"1st. That it was the intention of the leaders of the South, (which intention, however, was to be kept secret until the war was over,) so soon as their independence was declared to establish a nobility in the South, before their army was disbanded. That the poor whites, or non-slave owners, who would help them fight and conquer their independence, so soon as a nobility is established and they are left free to act, will emigrate North and leave only the noble and his slave, constituting the firmest nobility, because the peasant will be the property of the noble, while the line of demarcation between them will be that of color and race. That their ability so to establish a nobility cannot be doubtful when it is well known that the leaders of the South had forced this war and established the present Confederacy in opposition to a majority of every state.

"2d. That it is the duty of France, as of other monarchies, to encourage nobility and to discourage democracy.

"3d. That in accordance with the above intention, they (the seventy-three,) designed to secure, (or had secured, I forgot which,) a remodeling of the conscript law, so as to exempt and preserve for their future Confederacy as many slave owners of future nouns as possible."

The statement made in the last paragraph of the above is literally true, and it constitutes one of the chief grounds of the growing popular hostility to the chief of the rebellion.

A Radical Speech by a "Conservative."

Among the speakers at a great Union meeting at Springfield, Ohio on the 11th ult., was Gen. S. F. Carey of Cincinnati, well known thereabouts as a "conservative" of the straitest sect. In closing his remarks Gen. Carey said:

"Now, a few words on the politics of particular men. I was not in favor of Fremont's proclamation, but I have got religion since then. [Laughter.] This war will not cease until slavery is sunken. It has been the economy of God in all past history to make slaveholding nations fight for the removal of the curse.

"Not at first, but now I am in favor of using negroes in any way to assist in putting down rebels. [Cheers.] When we all come to this we can close the war. [Voices. 'That's so.'] Let us save the Union and the Constitution, and God will take care of the white and black races.

"When you hear a man raporing about Mr. Lincoln's breaking the Constitution, will nothing to say about Jeff. Davis, set him down as a traitor.

"If you think Mr. Lincoln weak, then the greater scoundrel you are, if you do not help him. [Cheers.

President Lincoln Hissed and South Carolina Cheered in Philadelphia.—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* of last evening says that on Saturday night a Mr. R. E. Monegan, of Chester county, held forth at the copperhead headquarters in Walnut street, below Sixth. In the course of his speech he enumerated the original thirteen States. The mention of the Northern and Middle States was received in silence by the copperhead crew; while each Southern State was greeted with cheers as it was named. When South Carolina was mentioned the applause was loud and long continued. The same traitorous set hissed when President Lincoln was spoken of. The fact that the treasonable conclaves are tolerated in the community is full answer to any charge that may be made that the National Administration, is arbitrary or that the loyal people of the North are intolerant.

☞ Letters from East Tennessee say that there are few Rebel troops there, who could easily be driven out, by 5,000 men from our own side.—Though still tyrannically oppressed, the great mass of the people remain loyal.

☞ Moliere was asked the reason why, in certain countries, the King may assume the crown at fourteen years of age, and cannot marry before eighteen? "It is," answered Moliere, "because it is more difficult to rule a wife than a Kingdom."

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

☞ Are there traitors in the North? Read the following item from the *Star and Banner*, Gettysburg, Adams county:

A Dastardly Act.—The copperheads of Liberty township committed a most dastardly act on the evening after the election, at the school house where the election poll is held. The teachers and pupils, we believe had some time previous procured a beautiful Union flag which was left displayed at the school house on the day of the election. In the evening after the polls were closed the flag was seized by these yellow bellied lizards—these white livered reptiles—these worse than hissing copperheads, and literally torn to shreds—trampled in the dust—and fragments of it sent to leading Union men in the district.—We do not intend to waste words on these God forsaken wretches—these scape goats from perdition—these ugly, hideous traitors more than to say they are known and their names are in the proper hands, and that if they do not stretch hemp for their treason they will find themselves lodged in one of "Lincoln's" bastiles. Hang them by the neck until they are dead!

☞ West Virginia having been fully recognized as a new State by the proclamation of the President, will immediately organize a new government. On the sixth day of May a Convention will be held in Parkersburg, to nominate a candidate for Governor and other State officers.—The election for these officers will take place on the fourth Thursday of May—an odd election day—and the sixty days fixed by the proclamation as the interval between its issue and the date of its taking effect will expire on Sunday July 19th. By that time all the State, County and other officers may be elected, and the Legislature be prepared to meet and put the new State Machinery in motion.

Good Humor.—The man that laughs heartily is a doctor without a diploma. His face does more good than a bushel of powders or a gallon of bitter draughts. People are always glad to see him. Their hands instinctively go half way out to meet his grasp, while they turn involuntarily from the clammy touch of the dyspeptic who speaks in the groaning key. He laughs you out of your faults while you never dream of being rounded with him; and you never know what a pleasant world you are living in until he points out the sunny streaks on its pathway.

☞ A clergymen, in one of his sermons, explained to his hearers—"Eternity! why, don't you know the meaning of that word? Nor I either, hardly. It is forever and ever and five or six everlastings atop of that. You might place a row of figures from here to sunset, and it would'nt begin to tell how long eternity is.—Why, my friend, after millio s and trillions of years rolled away in eternity, it will be a hundred thousand years to breakfast time.

Cotton in Illinois.—Judging from the fact that during the last week six car loads of cotton seed were sent from Cairo to different parts in Illinois, it would seem that that State was going to try the supremacy of King Cotton the next season.

☞ The soldiers who plundered Stroyed the house of the Rookuk (Iowa) *Constitution* on account of its political utterances, have offered to its proprietor $1,000 for a new press, provided he will sustain the President and the Administration.

☞ The drafted men in Maryland who have not been reported are beginning to do so. Those who are brought in by the Provost Marshals are obliged to pay a reward of twenty dollars for their own arrest.

☞ The Nashville rebel sympathizers who have been ordered by General Rosecrans to go South have almost without exception asked to be sent north. Advices from rebeldom are not in their favor.

Why a Dog Waggles his Tail.—Lord Dundreary tells his friends the solution of this difficult riddle:—"Because the dog is stronger than the tail. If he wasn't the tail would waggle the dog."

☞ A young woman wearing soldiers' apparel and belonging to 14th Iowa Regiment, shot herself in Cairo on Sunday night because her sex was discovered.

☞ A man out in Indiana got a divorce from his wife because she went skating against his wishes. He concluded to let her slide.

☞ What is that which belongs to yourself, yet is used by everybody?—Your name.

☞ Insults are like counterfeit money—are offered but you are not compelled to take them.

☞ Shoemakers' Motto—"Never too late to mend.

☞ Is a recruit supposed to be raw until he has been exposed to fire?

BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, May 6th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

For Supreme Judge,

HON. DANIEL AGNEW,

OF BEAVER COUNTY.

S. M. Pentengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., & 6 State st., Boston, are our Agents for the Argus in those cities and are authorized to take Advertisements and subscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates.*

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Beaver *Argus*, all those indebted to me for subscription, job work, etc., will please call and settle immediately with J. L. Anderson, who is authorized to receipt in my name.

Feb. 19, '62. T. C. NICHOLSON.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES.—No announcement of name will, hereafter, be made without payment of Two DOLLARS—excepting Coroner, Auditor, &c., which will be ONE DOLLAR.

OPENING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.—Eastern mail will be open at 9, a. m., and close at 4, p. m. Western mail will close at 7:30, a.m.; open at 6 p. m.

☞ We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of W. H. Marshall, of the Rochester Marble Works.

☞ We learn from Jas. Lyons, Esq., that the body of a man was found in the river opposite Economy, on Friday last. There were no papers or marks on his body by which his name could be ascertained. He is described as being a genteel looking man, well dressed, dark clothing, nearly new; was about 30 or 35 years old. Coroner Reed held an inquest on the body. The verdict of the jury was "accidental drowning."

STATE AGENT OF PENNSYLVANIA.—We learn from the Harrisburg *Telegraph* that Gen. R. Biddle Roberts, will take the position of Agent for the State of Pennsylvania, made vacant by Col. M. S. Quay's resignation; the latter gentleman having accepted the post of Military Secretary to Gov. Curtin.

☞ The Exhibition given by the pupils of the Rochester Union School, under the superintendence of Prof. S. H. Piersol, was an entire success. We were not present on the occasion, but learn that the scholars acquitted themselves with credit.

We learn that Mr. Piersol will open a [illegible] in the Union School House, in Rochester, on the 11th of May, and will continue four months. He will be assisted by Misses Kate Reed and Nannie McIntosh. Mr. Piersol is one of our most successful teachers, and we hope he may meet with that success which he deserves.

Robbery.

The Shoe shop of Stokes & Tallon, of this place, was broken open on Thursday night last, and about Eighty Dollars worth of calf skins stolen.—The thieves entered through the back window, by prying open the window-shutter, breaking out a pane of glass, and then succeeded in hoisting the sash up. About half the amount stolen has since been found secreted among the bears in the woods not adjoining the borough. The robbery was a cold one. No clue to the thieves has yet been discovered we believe.

☞ Capt. John Cuthbertson has been appointed, by the President, Provost Marshal for the 24th District of the State of Pennsylvania, with rank of Captain of Cavalry in the service of the United States, to rank as such from the 18th day of April, 1863. Whatever our own preference may have been, we are compelled to say that the appointment is a good one. No more capable, energetic and industrious man could have been selected. Previous to the breaking out of the Rebellion, he was a practising Attorney, with a good business, and was regarded as a rising lawyer. He raised, and took into the service the first company recruited in this county. He served with his company until the seven days fight before Richmond, where he was badly wounded and taken prisoner. Afterwards, being exchanged and partly recovering, he again returned to his company, but was unable, from his wounds to discharge his duty as an officer, and was compelled to resign. Men who served their country as well and faithfully as Capt. Cuthbertson, deserve to be rewarded.

We believe, and hope, that he will, as the military representative of the Government, in this District, see that all who oppose the Government, by word or act, will be held accountable for their disloyalty, and promptly dealt with as their treason deserves and justice demands. The loyal men of the District will sustain him in his efforts to maintain the law and assist in crushing out rebellion.

The appointment, we have no doubt, will receive the approbation of all loyal men of the District.

HON. DANIEL AGNEW.

In our last issue we published two communications, urging, in forcible language, the claims of Judge Agnew for the nomination of Supreme Judge. In all said by these correspondents, we most heartily concur. We conceive that the claims of Judge Agnew are much superior to those of any other in Western Pennsylvania. An experience of twenty odd years at the bar, where he stood in the front rank of his profession, and of thirteen years on the bench, where his judicial career has been admired by all who knew him, has eminently fitted him for the Supreme Bench. Of his cultivated mind, intimate knowledge of the true principles of law, and great moral and social worth, we need not speak—every citizen of this district being familiar with them.

That the Judge will be conceded to the West, we hardly doubt. The Supreme Court is composed almost exclusively of Eastern men, and we take it for granted that the Western counties will insist on being represented. The conflicts as to the early land titles are not yet wholly settled in the Western counties, and this is a branch of Jurisprudence, peculiar to Pennsylvania, especially the Western part of it, with which eastern Lawyers and Judges are not very familiar. Judge Agnew is intimately acquainted, from many years experience, with the intricacies of this branch of the law, and could well take charge of deciding that class of cases.

Judge Agnew has been identified with the Western Metropolis of Pennsylvania for nearly forty years, being the home of his youth and earlier manhood, and since his residence in this county, has been intimately connected with the people of that flourishing city of which we are really a suburb, and, if we mistake not, its citizens will demand that Judge Agnew receive this nomination.

We shall recur to this subject again, and trust that our cotemporaries in other counties of the State will unite with us in urging the claims of so peculiarly fitted a man for the position.

☞ OUR SOLDIERS in the Army have almost unanimously passed resolutions denouncing "copperheads" and recommending a vigorous prosecution of the war. For this offence the editor of the *Star*, in his last issue, denounces them as "speculators and thieves." We reply by pronouncing him and his correspondent *liars* and *traitors*, and every other *copperhead* who express such views. This language may seem harsh and uncouth, but there is no use of mincing words in times like these. When editors and others defiantly declare that our brave soldiers in the field are "speculators and thieves," when treason runs riot in our midst, when resolutions are passed by a portion of our people, openly declaring that they will resist the draft. Let traitors take warning, for the loyal men of this country are bound to enforce the laws, maintain the Government and Union of our Fathers, or die. And let those who dare to stigmatize our soldiers as the editor of the *Star* has done, remember that some of these brave men may return, and that there then will be a reckoning.

☞ The Convention of School Directors to elect a County Superintendent, met in the Court House, in Beaver, on Monday, May 4th, at 1 o'clock, P. M. There were about one hundred and twenty Directors present, representing most of the Townships in the county. The convention organized by electing Sheriff Roberts, President; and Robert Cooper and Henry Hice, Esq., Secretaries. T. C. Carothers, J. I. Reed, J. H. Duncan and M. A. Anderson were nominated for Superintendent. On motion, each of the candidates addressed the convention, stating what they believed to be the duties of a County Superintendent. The Chair then appointed Dr. Marquis, Wm. A. Thompson and John Reeves as tellers, and the Convention proceeded to vote for Superintendent. On the first ballot, J. I. Reed, of Darlington, having sixty-eight votes, being a majority of the whole, was declared duly elected.—On motion the salary was fixed at five hundred dollars. The Convention then adjourned.

A Card from Capt. Adams.

MR. EDITOR:—Allow me, through your paper, to contradict the report that I am not a candidate for the nomination of Treasurer. The rumor originated, I suppose, from my accepting from the President, the position of Commissioner of the Board of Enrollment for the counties of Beaver, Washington, Lawrence and Greene.—As this office will last but a few months, it certainly would not be doing justice to many kind friends, who have interested themselves in my favor, or to myself, to relinquish my claims, mostly on account of having a situation that will end before the summer is over.

As I will be unable to see the people of the county, I respectfully solicit their support.

MILO R. ADAMS.

"Copperheads."

The battle-field for the life of the American Union seems of late to have been transferred from the bloody fields of the South, to our own quiet homes in the North. A few months ago it was considered a great enormity for a man even to whisper a disloyal word; only the more reckless and shameless dared the dangerous and shameless experiment. But now, we are all aware that their are traitors amongst us, not only noisy, blatant enemies of our country are heard in our streets, but the press under the control of some who profess to be Democrats dare to utter the most shameful and treasonable sentiments. Why this change? and why is it that foul-mouthed and unprincipled men are permitted with impunity to belch forth their treason in the ears of a loyal and patriotic people?

A series of the most brilliant victories crowned the arms of our Western armies in the spring of 1862, which struck consternation into all States in rebellion. These seemed entirely lost to them, the possession of the Mississippi upon our part, cutting in too their Confederacy, several of their well organized and powerful armies defeated, scattered and demoralized; in the east Gen. McClellan with the army of the Potomac was pursuing his powerful foe to the very gates of the Rebel Capitol, their ports were sealed by our blockading forces, all along the seaboard, and all things then promised an early and glorious termination of the rebellion. We then were almost delirious with joy that this great Union was almost restored, and loyal men began to speculate upon the terms upon which the quarrel was to be adjusted. Did the enemy then lay down their arms? Did Jeff Davis then give any countenance to those who were opposed to his hellish schemes? No, never were his subjects permitted to give hope or add strength to the supporters of the Union, by stump speeches, by stump legislative resolutions, or by stump newspapers. On the contrary the rebels nerved themselves for another and more desperate struggle, to destroy the Union and crush out Liberty.—The tide of victory turned, but we did not profit by the example of our enemy engaged in a most unholy cause. Neither did we profit by the example of our fathers who reared this great temple of human liberty upon the bloody snows of Valley Forge, and the humiliating defeats and the sufferings and hardships of a seven years struggle.

We do not realize the great truth that it is as noble to preserve as to establish States, founded upon just and righteous principles, and that it is most ignoble and cowardly desertion of our duty to faint whilst the slightest hope remains of preserving our liberties.

The sad reverses which we have met have stirred up a wicked and accursed race of the vilest "copperheads," as they are appropriately called—Hissing out their vile and venomous poison into weak and unwary minds they appeal to the lowest prejudices. They endeavor to excite old party rancor. They pretend to say that to preserve ones country is nothing. To barter away the proud name of American citizen is nothing! To risk the consequences to human liberty by acknowledging the principles of secession, and thus to begin the future disintegration of our hitherto glorious Republic, and turning all into anarchy, strife and confusion; to risk the re-enactment of the horrid and fratricidal scenes of the French Revolution—these stings with these monsters, called "copperheads," is nothing.—Let true Americans be advised that this is the intemperate and hot zeal of unprincipled partizans, by which they hope to ride into power upon the ruins of their country. The Democratic party once and yet, the shrine of patriots and statesman, is now being prostituted by bad men who have assumed the name without the virtues of the wise and good, who as members of that great party, do honor to themselves, by standing by their country in her time of peril. The men who pretend to be members of that once respectable party are willing to prostrate themselves to the lowest subserviency to the Southern traitors. Have not these leaders of the disunion party been hired by Southern rebels to do their dirty work in the north? Their acts and speeches and their press attest the fact that they have been.

In the copperhead papers of the North, including the one published in this county, the good sense and patriotism of the people are constantly insulted by the most insolent abuse of our government, and laudations of the slave power. The leaders are zealous and active in preventing enlistments, encouraging desertions from our army, and in creating amongst the people as far as they can distrust in the constituted authorities. And yet we find some of these vile and pestilent wretches disgracing our Bar, our Churches and the social circle. Let them be driven from every place and position in Society where their presence can insult the pure and upright, or where they can do injury by their evil example and pernicious doctrines. Let every man frown upon them in society, and let our ladies meet them only with scorn and contempt. Then, and only then, will they be compelled to hide their heads, and skulk into that obscurity and contempt which such scoundrels will certainly be driven into at last.

We will have more to say on this subject again, and particularly as to our county.

List of Jurors.

For June Term, commencing 1st Monday.

GRAND JURORS.

Borough tp: T. M. Johnston.
Freedom: Philip Bentel (Foreman.)
Darlington: A. H. Anderson.
Raccoon: John Christ.
North Sewickly: Addison Cunningham.
Fallston: Rufus P. Covert.
Green: Milton Calhoun, Samuel Moore.
Big Beaver: John Dillon, Aaron Miller.
New Brighton: James Edgar, J. R. Hanna.
Ohio: Adam Hays.
Brighton: James Q. Eakin.
Marion: George Hartzell Jr.
New Sewickly: John Hicks.
Chippawa: John M'Carter.
Economy: Samuel M'Mannamy.
Rochester: John Merryman, James M'Williams.
South Beaver: Isaiah Morgan, James M. Young.
Independence: Wm. M. Reed.
Franklin: John Slater.

PETIT JURORS.

Borough tp: Marmaduke Wilson, Hiram Stowe, Daniel Thurston, David Hall, James Mitchel, James Harper.
Big Beaver: Robert Shannon, Sr.
Bridgewater: A. C. Hurst, James Moorhead.
Brighton: Washington Phillis.
Chippawa: Samuel Brittain, David Ferguson, Robt. White.
Darlington: Wm. B. Duff, Nathan Eakin, Joshua Newell.
Economy: Wm. M'Elhany.
Fallston: Thos. Bencom, Jos. James.
Green: Andrew Poe.
Hopewell: Abram Rodenbaugh.
Hanover: Dunlap M'Callister.
Independence: Matthew Anderson, Simon Butler.
Industry: Jno. M'Gaffick, Jacob Phillis.
Moon: Allen Brooks, Wm. Bickerstaff.
New Brighton: James Fleming, Wilmer Walton.
New Sewickly: Moses Hendrickson, Wm. L. Ravl.
Phillipsburg: Philip Baker.
Rochester: Wm. Marshall, John S. Shepler.
Raccoon: B. D. Douds, Jno. Scott.
South Beaver: Washington Johnston.

Obituary.

At a regular meeting of Beaver Lodge, No. 306, I. O. O. F., held on Tuesday evening, April 28th, 1863, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Divine Providence to call from our midst our worthy and highly esteemed Brother, SAMUEL CAMPBELL, who had become endeared to us by the kindness of his social feelings his consistent life, and his many benevolent actions; therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of Brother Campbell his beloved wife has lost a kind and affectionate husband, the community a worthy and highly esteemed member, and our Order a Brother of whom it can be said: "He was an Odd Fellow in whom there was no guile."

Resolved, That we do sincerely sympathise with the wife and family of our departed Brother in the heavy bereavement under which they are now suffering, believing however that their loss is his eternal gain.

Resolved, That in testimony of respect to the memory of our deceased Brother we clothe our Hall in mourning, and that we wear the usual badge for thirty days.

Resolved That the above resolutions be published in the *Western Star*, Beaver *Argus* and New Brighton *Times* and the Secretary forward a copy thereof to the wife of the deceased.

JESSE NANNAH,
JOHN S. DARRAGH,
O. MAGTIS,
S. H. DARRAGH,
Committee.

Bridgewater, May 1st, 1863.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The steamer Edenburg sailed to-day with 160 passengers and $161,000 in specie.

The cargo of the steamer Peterhoff was partially examined to-day, but nothing that is contraband of war has yet been discovered.

The ship Odore Knorp arrived to-day from Matamoras with 10,800 bales of cotton.

The *Tribune* has received the following dispatch, dated Memphis, Apr. 30:

The Jackson *Appeal* of the 24th says that the Yankee cavalry expedition into Central Mississippi, threatening Columbus and Grenada, excels in daring all the former Yankee raids.

BOSTON, May 2.—Secretary Chase made a brief speech at the Merchants' Exchange this afternoon. He gracefully acknowledged the financial assistance extended to the Government by the capitalists and merchants of Boston and paid a warm tribute to the patriotism of New England. He did not pretend to have the power of seeing through the National horoscope but thought he might safely say that this war was near its termination.

Army Correspondence.

The letter, from which the following extracts are taken, was written by a soldier from Crawford county, but formerly a resident of this county, and well known to many of our citizens. It was written to his brother as a private letter, but it is the more valuable on that account, as showing the real sentiments and feelings of the army. We hope it may do some good to those who foolishly talk about resisting the draft. No man who really loves his country will think of resisting, unless so very ignorant as to be made the tool of designing knaves. From this time the drafted soldiers will have as honorable a position as those who formerly volunteered. It is now the settled policy to recruit the army by drafting, and it is the better way, as it will fall more equally on all classes, and keep up the army more equally than by the excitement of volunteering.

The extracts that are here furnished plainly say, that the drafted men of our army will show no sympathy to those who resist the draft. Let all look at this fact, and determine, come weal come woe, they will respond to the call of their country when that call comes to them, saying come up boys and help us. HOPIE.

FORT KEYES, Mar. 25, '63.

DEAR BROTHER:—We think here that the war is assuming a much fairer aspect than ever it has done before. Charleston must certainly fall soon, also Vicksburg, and then Richmond will soon follow. The army here is in good spirits, hoping that our States will soon be re-united and our country's future glory will far surpass its past. Had it not been for the Northern sympathizers the war would have ended long ago; the rebels here build a great deal upon the divided condition of the North, but let the North be united and their last ray of hope is gone and they must yield.

The whole army is glad to hear that the North is becoming more loyal, and sincerely hope that they will respond promptly to the next draft.—The war can only be ended by fighting, and those that ever engaged in it are willing to help fight it out, and are also anxious that the Government should bring us more assistance. Will the North resist the draft? Are there still a few who think so much more of their own lives than they do of their country, as to talk of resisting its earnest call? Can it be possible that the citizens of an enlightened country are so deeply sunk into the mire of degradation? If it be so they have lost the confidence of their friends in the army. The army *is* loyal, and they are ready at any moment to enforce the laws of their country. Men here say they would like no better fun than to help enforce the draft. If a draft is made they *must* come; there are soldiers enough in the army to compel them and they will do it if the Government calls. Citizens must remember that a government, with such an army as ours has, [illegible] will enforce its laws. Such a Government is not to be trifled with, and citizens who attempt to set its laws at defiance, will see the time when they will suffer accordingly.

The 139th, though a drafted regiment, is in favor of the Union and ready at any moment to help enforce a new draft. Better, then, that every man respond to the new draft, if it is made, and with united efforts make one more bold stroke and the rebellion must be shattered and broken to pieces. But one thing to be remembered is, those sympathizers or traitors can not bear any of this glory.—But I must stop this as I am not able to write, having had a severe attack of *measles*. I have not been on duty for ten days. I am doing well; I will soon take my place again. My company is all well and feeling fine. Nothing more.

Your Brother,
SAM JOHNSON.

Army Committee of Beaver County, Pa.

The following are Articles of Association under which said Committee act. Hon. Daniel Agnew is Chairman:

ART. I. This Committee shall be called the Army Committee of Beaver County, Pa., and shall be auxiliary to the U. S. Christian Commission, and shall act through the Army Committee at Pittsburg.

II. This Committee shall consist of ten members, with power to enlarge their number to twenty, and shall have a President, Vice President, Secretary, Cor. Secretary, Treasurer and Receiver; and in addition, shall embrace, as a General Committee, Ministers and others from different townships in this county. Five of said Committee shall constitute a quorum to do business.

III. The six officers first named shall represent, as far as possible, different Christian denominations.—The President, Vice Pres., Secretary, Cor. Secretary and Treasurer, shall each perform the duties common to said offices, and it shall be the duty of the Receiver to receive all stores, of every kind whatsoever, and to disburse them according to directions of the Army Committee.

IV. The Committee shall select Ministers and others, in the different townships, to call meetings in their townships and districts, and to organise, among the people, Soldiers' Aid Societies, male and female. The object of said public meetings shall be to diffuse information upon the object and workings of the Christian Commission, and to awaken an interest in the great objects thereof, and to secure contributions of money, stores, etc., and a more general co-operation with the various Committees. (For stores see foot note I.)

V. The object of raising stores and money, &c., and furnishing delegates shall be to supply whatsoever is not provided by the Government, and is needed for the bodily comfort and health, the intellectual wants, and the moral and religious condition of the soldiers on the field, and in the hospitals, and to secure *helpers* for the Chaplains, where they exist, and to supply their place where there are none, and in no case to interfere with the regular Chaplain's labors.

VI. The Committee shall do what they can to secure speakers for the Township meetings, when applied to, or if they see fit, shall appoint and attend or secure some person to attend said meetings.

VII. The Committee shall endeavor to have sewing societies organized in each school district in this county, which shall be auxiliary to this Committee, and shall endeavor to apply as far as they can all donations in the way desired by the donor or donors.

VIII. When it is thought best to send a delegate, the Army Commission shall elect such delegate, and recommend him to the Army Commission at Pittsburg, so as to procure for him a Commission from the Christian Commission at Philadelphia.

IX. The meeting of this Commission shall be opened with prayer, and all the public meetings shall be opened with prayer and closed with the benediction.

I. AS TO WHAT TO SEND.—MONEY IS BEST OF ALL.—It is injudicious to spend money or labor for trifling articles.—Clothing is greatly needed such as cotton shirts, woolen shirts, woolen socks, canton flannel drawers, woolen drawers, surgical shirts of the same pattern, but tied with tapes down the sides and sleeves, instead of being sewed; cotton drawers large enough to serve as pants indoor, dressing gowns, slippers, sheets and pillow cases, bandages of muslin, four to six yards long, and three or four inches wide, rolled up, each by itself but not fastened; lint, picked, not scraped, washrags, handkerchiefs, and small hair and feather pads for fractured limbs. OF STORES—oatmeal, farina, corn starch, dried fruits, soda biscuits, jellies, fresh fruits, dried fruits, lemons, white sugar, brandy, wine, brandy ale and porter, bottled in either case; meats for soup, good black tea, cranberries, pickles in kegs, good fresh butter in small stone jars, barrel of onions apples, and tin cups; all these are always wanted. TO AVOID SUPERFLUITIES IN CORRESPONDENCE, paper envelopes and pencils. OF READING MATTER for convalescents, a library is a valuable hygienic appliance, and for the able bodied, good publications are mental and spiritual food. For convalescents, lively interesting books, the monthlies, the pictorials, the works of science and literature, as well as those for moral and spiritual culture—such as you would put into the hands of a brother after severe illness are such as are wanted, and for the well also, good interesting books, tracts, and papers. Those designed specially for the soldier and sailor are the best, but send no trash. Our soldiers love and deserve those that are fresh and the best. To suspend in the hospital, The Silent Comforter, Green Pastures and Choice Hymns, are excellent.

Another Raid into Pennsylvania.

The intelligence that a rebel cavalry force and captured Morgantown, Va., very naturally created a considerable excitement, for it appeared probable that an advance upon Pittsburg would be made before the city could be reinaugurated to its defence. Morgantown is on the Monongahela river, within a few miles of the Pennsylvania line, and about seventy miles nearly due south from Pittsburg. It would be possible for a cavalry brigade, by forced marches, to reach the latter place in two days, if the roads were favorable; but such is not the case. The country is very hilly, and an exceedingly difficult one to traverse by horse power. If they intended to make a descent upon the city, it would probably be by way of Uniontown, and Greensburg east of the river; or via Waynesburg and Washington west of it. By either route, there is a great deal up and down hill travelling to be encountered, and it would be fatiguing work for a large body of troops to get to Pittsburg in less than three days, in which time it would be practicable to destroy bridges and interpose such obstructions, as would make the passage very difficult, even if but a small force should defend it.

It is probable, therefore, that there was no intention on the part of these invaders to attempt to take the great western emporium of our State. If they were rash enough to undertake so desperate an enterprise, they would most probably be hemmed in before they could get back to Virginia, and compelled to surrender.

It is not unlikely that were are two motives for this movement, the first and most important of which is to create alarm, and induce the Government to retain troops in the border States to protect them from incursions of this kind. By this means the rebels may hope that the strength of the armies now invading, or about to move into their States, may be considerably reduced; and the other would to plunder the people of the counties in the southwestern corner of the State. This a very fertile region of our Commonwealth, and would afford magnificent booty to the rebel rascals, if they could secure it. Sheep are raised to great extent in this part of the State, and it is altogether probable that mutton will be a luxury to the secesh.

A party making a raid, however, can carry but little in the shape of provisions and forage with them, when making so rapid a journey as they will have to do, to avoid the Federal troops which would be after them with a very sharp stick before they are long upon our soil.

We do not believe that very great damage was done by this desecration of our soil, but it is mortifying to have such fellows a second time in Pennsylvania, and this chagrin we owe to the delay in pushing on military operations.

Congratulatory Order, from Gen. Hooker---Our Troops Across the Rappahannock.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The following dispatch has been received at headquarters of the army.

Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Camp near Falmouth, Va., April 30—Gederal Order No. 27.—It is with heartfelt satisfaction that the Commanding General announces to the army that the operations of the last three days have determined that the enemy must either ingloriously fly or come out from behind his defences and give us battle on our own ground, where certain destruction awaits him. The operations of the Fifth, Eleventh and Twelfth Corps have been a succession of splendid achievements.

By command of
Maj. Gen. HOOKER.

Brilliant Strategy of Gen. Hooker---Rebels Completely Flank-ed---Fredericksburg In our Possession, Also the Redoubts Behind---Heroic Fighting of our Troops.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—A special dispatch from Washington to the *Press*, says: Dispatches from Gen. Hooker have been received by the President.

He has successfully crossed the Rappahannock, and has severed the communications of the enemy between Bowling Green and Hanover Court House.

The main body of Hooker's army crossed just below Falmouth.

About 30,000 crossed above Falmouth under Gen. Sloeum, who made a detour of the enemy's position and captured some 1,500 rebels.

It is said that our communications with General Stoneman have been cut off by guerrilla bands between Warrenton Junction and Bull Run, but will soon be reinstated.

Gen Hooker hopes to capture all the rebel forces north of the Rappahannock river and will probably move forward to the left of his present position.

The news thus far is most cheering.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer's* Washington correspondent says under date of Sunday, that reliable information has reached the city this afternoon from the Army of the Potomac, going to show that a terrific conflict has been going on yesterday and to-day. The brilliant manoeuvre by which the rebels have been flanked on both sides has been followed up by daring conflicts, which our troops have in every instance successful. During the night of Saturday the musketry and artillery firing was absolutely continuous, and especially on the right, where Howard's corps was engaged between midnight and three o'clock this morning. (Sunday.) A pontoon bridge was laid between Falmouth and Fredericksburg and one corps, one of the Sixth Corps, passed over and took possession of the city, driving out the enemy. They then took possession of the fortifications upon the heights, in exactly the direction of the move of Burnside, and it is reported that by noon they had reached the top of the hills. The enemy's forces in this part appear to not contemplate an attack here—his forces were evidently withdrawn to the right where the fighting was all day yesterday. Our troops are behaving splendidly, and the enemy of their gain and their losses.

Not a single instance occurred of straggling amongst any of our troops.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The *Tribune* and *Herald* have issued extras containing the following news, received from the Rappahannock up to Sunday morning:

The *Tribune* says at that time Lee's army was in possession of Fredericksburg, and at the first dawn of daylight on Sunday it was discovered that the rebels were evacuating the heights on the hill beyond it, and our troops were immediately pushed forward in pursuit, feeling the way. The rebels crossed the river, were pursued and overtaken, and will very soon be brought to battle.

A great portion of our Fredericksburg batteries were engaged on Sunday with the rebel batteries, on the heights on the river and city.

The firing, both of musketry and cannonading, on the right in the direction of Chancellorsville, was very heavy. The enemy had been driven from his strong ground of Gen. Hooker's choosing.

It was believed on both wings of the army, Stoneman's expedition to destroy the railroads between the rebel capital and Richmond had proved successful, cutting off the only path of retreat. So confident was Gen Hooker of the result of success that in conformity with his orders, a force had already commenced to rebuild a bridge across the Rappahannock. The troops were in the finest spirits and everything looks propitious.

Fredericksburg was occupied yesterday morning about two o'clock by our troops. The batteries on both sides of the river command positions which each other about five o'clock, and a heavy cannonading of cannon was heard for some time longer.

When Gen. Hooker took command of the army the men were in low spirits and out of provisions. The latter was supplied to them in good quantities, and now they are in good jubilant spirits, confident of success and willing to endure any hardships and any perils to accomplish the desirable end and thus crush the rebellion.

The weather is most excellent for military operations, and the details of one of the most brilliant military successes the world ever knew will follow you soon. Wait a little longer.

The roads are everywhere good enough for mules and in most places good enough for wheels, but Gen. Hooker will not permit him to obstruct the advance of his reinforcements.

Eleven o'clock, a. m.—At this hour there is heavy cannonading on the right, and the quiet of the Sabbath in the forest must be disturbed by the

The New Test of Democracy.

In a responsible Washington city journal we notice the exposure of the oath taken in the second degree of the K. G. C. infamy. Its correctness is vouched for. The following is the concluding paragraph of the oath:

"I promise and swear that I will do all in my power to bring all loyal Democrats in this circle of hosts. I further promise and swear that I will do all in my power against the present Yankee Abolition, disunion Administration so help me God."

Has that the ring of certain talk and publications heard and read in this city? Was there not almost identical language used at the Democratic meeting held here last Wednesday? Do all Democrats consider themselves honored by this *loyal* classification, and do those who really sympathize with their country and cling to their old and loved party designation, consider it honorable to display a banner so emblazoned? Do honest men, claiming to be Democrats, come out from the foul ranks of the traitorous sham—and allow no party to man, nothing but love of country and uncompromising hostility to all its foes.—*Dayton Gazette.*

No Dealings with Traitors.

It is the duty of every loyal man to discourage and discountenance all traitors, irrespective of person, position or station. The higher the position—the greater the influence—the more infamous the treason. The meanness of soul of that man who betrays the interests of the country that has enriched, protected and perhaps honored him, who rejoices in the defeat of the army, the great body of the country, and in whose ranks are many of his neighbors and acquaintances, should entitle him to be treated with that personal contempt which the patriots of the Revolution felt and *displayed* to Benedict Arnold and King George's sycophantish Tories. He should be trusted as the Englishman would trust another Guy Fawkes, or Hungarian another Georgey.

The Correspondent of the London *Times*, writing from Atlanta, Georgia, and speaking of a trip through Tennessee says:

So far as can be judged from the demoralized lines, there is every indication that General Rosecrans' army is in a fine state of discipline; that it is impregnated with much of the spirit of its able commander, who is far more valued in this section than any other Federal leader, and that the stories of its demoralization and desolation are such stuff as dreams are made of."

The *grateful* compliment from an enemy of the country, will go far to assure our people in their confidence in the ability and courage of General Rosecrans.

A Shot.—An unfortunate shooting affair occurred in Annapolis, on Saturday night, at a late hour, resulting in the death of private, John Fitzimmons, discharged paroled soldier, belonging to a New York regiment. Fitzimmons has been arrested for larceny, and ran off from the guard, whereupon a member of the guard named Sutton, having in vain ordered Fitzimmons to halt, fired his revolver at him, the charge taking effect in the region of the heart. The wounded man expired about ten minutes after he was shot.

Small Pipes Shot.—Shoes are an important item in the expense of clothing children, as every party understand. They invariably wear out their shoes at the toe first, frequently before the other parts are quarter worn. Children's shoes are generally worn out in this way, and we say that any pair with them wear three pairs where they would if the toes were kept sound.

Va., May 2.—This morning Brig. Gen. Peck sent a force of cavalry and artillery, numbering in all about 4,000 men, to Suffolk on a reconnoissance. When two miles out they encountered the enemy's pickets and took them and some prisoners. Our loss and the enemy's much greater. The charge was made by the 10th New Hampshire and 89th New York. Skirmishing has been kept up all day.

Teachers' Examinations.

Teachers examinations will be held as follows—exercises will commence at 9 o'clock in the forenoon:

Brighton township, at Eakin's school house, on Tuesday, May 5.

Chippewa township, at McKinney's school house, May 6.

Ohio, Beaver township, at Courts school house, May 7.

New Sewickley township, at Fairview school house, May 8.

Each applicant will please bring a copy of Osgood's Fourth Reader, some writing paper and a pencil.

As far as practicable, the exercises will be conducted in the form of class exercises.

T. C. CAROTHERS, Co. Sup't.
Frankfort Springs, April 9, '63.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of [illegible] Miller, late of Darlington township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN D. VAUGHEN, Darlington tp.
may6'63 Executor.

Notice to Teachers.

PROPOSALS will be received by the School Directors of the borough of Bridgewater, up to Friday, the 22d day of May, 1863, for the Principal and two Assistant Teachers, to take charge of the Public school in said borough. School to commence first Monday of June, and continue eight months.

By order of the Board.
SAM'L MOORHEAD, *Sec'y.*

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE LOYAL VOTES OF BEAVER COUNTY, without distinction of party, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the NATIONAL AND STATE ADMINISTRATIONS, in their patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and unholy rebellion against the UNITY OF THE REPUBLIC, and who desires to support, by every power of the government, our heroic brethern in arms, who are braving diseases, and the perils of the field, to preserve the UNION OF OUR FATHERS, are requested to meet at their several places of holding elections, on SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, (in the townships between the hours of 2 and 5, P. M., and in the Boroughs between 7 and 9, P. M.) and choose Delegates to a Convention, to be held at the Court House, in Beaver, on MONDAY JUNE 15th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for County and district offices. The several township, and boroughs will be entitled to elect delegates according to the following apportionment:

Borough	4	Industry	3
Bridgewater	2	Independence	2
Big Beaver	4	Marion	2
Brighton	3	Moon	3
Chippewa	3	New Brighton	4
Darlington	4	New Sewickly	4
Economy	3	North Sewickly	3
Fallston	2	Ohio	4
Franklin	2	Patterson	2
Freedom boro	2	Phillipsburg	2
Freedom dist	2	Pulaski	4
Greene	4	Rochester boro	4
Frankfort	4	Rochester tp	3
M'Guffey	4	Raccoon	4
Hopewell	3	South Beaver	4

By order of County Committee.
D. L. IMBRIE, *Ch'n.*
B. S. CHAMBERLIN, *Sec'y.*

CANDIDATES will bear in mind, that an announcement, to insure insertion, must be accompanied with TWO DOLLARS.

Announcements.

WE are authorized to announce the names of the following persons as candidates for the different offices named below, subject to the decision of the Union Convention:

Assembly,
WILLIAM HENRY, Fallston.

Sheriff,
JOSEPH LEDLIE, Beaver,
JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver,
DAVID JOHNSTON, Fallston,
JAMES A ANDERSON, Big Beaver,
A. J. COOK, Darlington,
JOHN S. DARRAGH, Rochester,
ABRAHAM B. WOLF, Farmer, Brighton tp.

Register & Recorder,
ALFRED REMOORE, Beaver,
DAVID WOODRUFF, Bridgewater.

Treasurer,
JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver,
MOSES B. WELSH, Beaver,
JAMES BRITTAIN, Moon,
CAPT. MILO R. ADAMS, Bridgewater,
WM. C. HUNTER, Brighton tp,
ALBERT G. HENRY, Beaver,
DANIEL HARVEY, Raccoon.

Clerk of Court,
JOHN A. FRAZIER, Darlington,
WILLIAMS. BARCLAY, Beaver,
JAMES HARPER, Borough tp.

Commissioner,
JOHN H. BRIGHLEY Economy tp,
ELI D. EVANS, North Sewickly,
JACKSON SLOAN, Freedom,
JOHN GARRARD, New Sewickly.

Coroner,
THOS DEVINEY, New Brighton,
JACOB HOOK, Hopewell,

Poor House Director,
JOHN K. POTTER, Raccoon,
JOHN WHITE, Hopewell,
ROBERT COOPER, Moon,

Auditor,
JOSEPH M'CLURE, Bridgewater.

$25. **Employment!** $75.

AGENTS WANTED—

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address *Erie Sewing Machine Company*, R. JAMES, General Agent, Miami, O. may6

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

THE following appraisements, under the Act of Assembly of April 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, and approved nisi, to wit:

Personal property to amount of $269,76, elected to be retained by the widow of George W. Alexander, dec'd. Margaret Alexander, Adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $64,98, elected to be retained by the widow of Wm. Ramsey, dec'd. Susan Ramsey, Adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $275,76, elected to be retained by widow of William Foster, sr., dec'd. B. F. Bradford and Wm. S. Foster, Adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $300, elected to be retained by widow of Geo. Remler, dec'd. Margaret Remler, Adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $300, elected to be retained by widow of Milo Cain, dec'd. James White, Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $300, elected to be retained by widow of Albert Feezel, dec'd. Jos. F. Feezel, Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $86 62, elected to be retained by widow of John Craig, dec'd. John Craig, jr., Ex'r.

Personal property to am't of $249,10, elected to be retained by the widow of Marion Erwin, dec'd. John R. M'Donald, Adm'r.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the above several Appraisements, to appear at the June Term next, of said Court, and not later than the third day thereof, being the 3d day of June, to shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be confirmed absolute. A. G. M'CREARY,
may6,'63 *Clerk.*

BEAVER COUNTY, ss

In the Orphans' Court of said county. Account of Joseph H. Cunningham, Adm'r. of the estate of Wm. Morton, dec'd.: confirmed at June Term, 1859.

March 24, 1863, on motion the Court appoint Henry Hice, Esq., an Auditor, to distribute the amount in the hands of the Adm'r, as shown by said account, amongst creditors, &c. (From the Record.)

A. G. M'CREARY, *Clerk.*

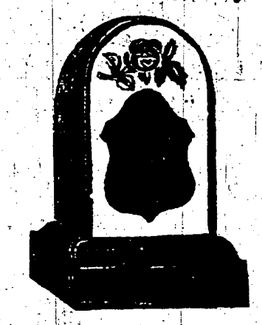
Notice is hereby given that the Auditor, appointed as above, will meet all parties interested, for the purposes of his appointment, at the office of Roberts & Hice, in the borough of Beaver, on Monday the 25th day of May, 1863, at 3 o'clock, P. M., when and where they may present their claims and be heard.

may6 HENRY HICE, Auditor.

Election Notice.

THE stockholders of the Darlington Cannel Coal Railroad company, will meet in Darlington, on Saturday, May 23d, 1863, to elect seven Directors, to serve the ensuing year. M. HARTSHORN,
may6,'62 President.

A NEW FEATURE



IN MARBLE WORK,

THE subscriber has purchased from the Patentee the right to use, in this county, a new and beautiful invention, for protecting LIKENESSES IN TOMB STONES; and is now prepared to furnish

Monuments or Head-Stones,

with this useful improvement at exceedingly low prices.

THE SHIELD

serves to screen and protect the picture of the deceased, and becomes a neat and appropriate ornament to the stone. Pictures are put in

AIR-TIGHT CASES,

and are made to preserve their original beauty and expression for many years.

All kinds of marble work, military designs, etc, executed on short notice.

W. H. MARSHALL,
may6 Rochester Marble Works.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

In the Orphans' Court in and for said county. In the matter of the supplemental account of Isaac Campbell, Executor and Trustee, under the will, of Joseph Aleorn, dec'd:

And now, to wit: March 7th, 1863, on motion, the Court appoint Henry Hice, Esq., an Auditor, to distribute the balance in the hands of Executor. (From the Record.)

A. G. M'CREARY, *Clerk.*

All parties interested will take notice that the Auditor will meet them for the purposes of the above appointment, at the office of Roberts & Hice, in the borough of Beaver, on Monday the 25th day of May, 1863, at 1 o'clock, P.M., of said day. HENRY HICE,
may6 Auditor.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, Apr. 20, 1863—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:25 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:10 A. M.
1:55 P. M.	" "	3:20 P. M.
6:50 P. M.	" "	8:05 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:00 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
12:40 P. M.	" Rochester,	2:00 P. M.
3:50 P. M.	" "	5:25 P. M.

J. N. M'CULLOUGH, *Pres't.*
F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:10 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:45 P. M.	8:25 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	8:05 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Mail,	6:20 P. M.	8:05 P. M.
1st Express,	4:20 A. M.	2:25 A. M.
2d Express,	2:00 P. M.	3:55 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Crossline Accom.	9:00 A. M.	10:26 A. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	12:50 A. M.	1:32 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	4:35 P. M.	6:11 P. M.
3d " "	6:00 P. M.	8:00 P. M.
Mail,	7:00 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	12:40 P. M.	1:50 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian Accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on WEDNESDAY, the 24 day of June, 1863, for confirmation and allowance:

The first and final account of Jos. C. Wilson, Administrator of the estate of Narcisa Judy, dec'd.

The account of Samuel G. Caughey Executor of the last will of Robert Stevenson, dec'd.

The final account of John Rayl, Administrator of the estate or Dr. William S. Cochran, dec'd.

The first and final account of Joseph Connell, Administrator of the estate of Jennet Connell, dec'd.

The first and final account (personal) of Chas. and Jno. McHenry, Administrators of the estate of John McHenry, dec'd.

The first and final account of John H. Whisler, Executor of the last will of Mary Black, dec'd.

The final account of John Craig, Executor of the last will of James Craig, dec'd.

The final account of Benj. K. Piersol, Adm'r of the estate of Rachel Piersol, dec'd.

The account of J. Stewart Elder, Administrator of the estate of William Elder, dec'd., who was Administrator of the estate of Clarinda Warren, dec'd.

The final real eastate account of John H. Whisler, Adm'r of the estate of Martin W. Small, dec'd.

The First and final account of (Real estate) of Andrew Watterson, Executor of the last will of William Scott, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Slentz, Administrators of the estate of Samuel Smith, dec'd., who was Guardian of James Paxton, Elizabeth and Margaret Scroggs, minor children of Dr. James P. Scroggs, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Slentz, Administrator of the estate of Andrew Glass, dec'd., who was Guardian of Cyrus, Silas, Alvin, and Sylvanus Caughey, minor children of Silas Caughey, dec'd.

The Guardian account of David Ferguson Guardian of Ann Eliza Brooks minor daughter of Matthew Brooks, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Adam Henderson, Guardian of Caroline, Uriah and, Seth Coulson, minor children of Uriah Coulson, dec'd.

Guardian accounts of J. T. Stockdale Guardian of Elizabeth and Sarah Ann Calhoun, minor children of James H. Calhoun, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Mitchell, guardian of Esther and Elizabeth, minor children of Esther M'Creery, dec'd.

The Guardian account, of George Rauscher and Edwin Reeder, Ex'rs of the last will of John Snyder, dec'd., who was Guardian of Anthony Setter, jr., minor son of Anthony Setter, sr., dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
apr29. Register.
(New Brighton *Times* copy.)

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THERE will be a contract to let for the building of a new Brick School House, in Brighton township, (District No. 1) on *Saturday, May 2d, at 1 o'clock, p. m.* Plan and specifications can be seen at Andrew Carothers', in said township.

By order of the Board:
apr22'63. WM. F. LAFFERTY, *Sec'y.*

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.			$7 00
do " 100 lbs			3 50
Dried Apples per bushel			2 00
do Peaches	"	"	3 50
Wheat	"	"	1 40
Corn	"	"	90
Rye	"	"	1 00
Oats	"	"	60
Barley	"	"	
Clover Seed,	"	"	6 00
Timothy Seed,	"	"	2 00
Flax Seed,	"	"	3 00
Beans,	"	"	2 75
Potatoes,	"	"	1 00
Onions,	"	"	1 00
Corn Meal,	"	"	1 00
Eggs,	"	dozen	12
Butter,	"	lb	28
Hams,	"	"	10
Shoulders,	"	"	8
Sides,	"	"	9
Tallow,	"	"	10
Lard,	"	"	12½
Candles,	"	"	15
Soap,	"	"	8
Molasses,	"	Gallon	60
Carbon Oil,	"	"	50

BEAVER COUNTY ss:

IN the Orphans' Court, in and for Beaver county, before the Honorable Judges thereof. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, late of the township of Ohio, Beaver co., dec'd.

Now, to wit: April 16, 1863. Ride on the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd., viz: Susan, (widow) Jesse Smith, Jos. Smith, Samuel Smith, Susan, intermarried with John Beaver, Hamilton Smith, Rachael Smith, and Thomas Smith:—Joseph is dec'd., as is also his widow, but leaving four children, viz:—Isaac, Sarah, intermarried with John M. Day, Isabella and Susan, whose interest in said real estate is now vested in Jesse Smith and Samuel Smith:—said Hamilton is dec'd. as also his widow, leaving one child, Isadore, whose interest in the said real estate is vested in the said Jesse and Samuel Smith; John Beaver, husband of said Susan is dec'd. and the said Susan has since sold all her interest in said real estate to said Jesse and Samuel Smith; Rachael Smith, is now dec'd. leaving no issue; said Thomas Smith still living, but whose interest in said real estate is now vested in said Jesse and Samuel Smith; said Samuel Smith, now dec'd. but leaving a widow, Margaret, surviving, and four children, viz: John B., Susan, intermarried with Isaac Jennison, of Wayne county, O.; Mary Anne, intermarried with James Dawson, and Louisa aged 18 years, whose guardian is Daniel Dawson; said John B. Smith being now in the service of the United States in the army of the west; and all others interested, to shew cause, if any they have, why an Inquest, to make partition of the real estate of said dec'd. should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver aforesaid, on the first Monday (being the 1st day) of June next.

Publication, according to Rule, ordered as to the heirs residing out of the county.

(A true copy of Rule.) Attest:
apr.15'63 A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, I will expose to public vendue or out-cry, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Penn'a., on

Friday, 29th day of May 1863,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the one undivided seventh part of the following described real estate, late the estate of Samuel Woods, dec'd., situate in Moon tp., Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Bounded by land of the heirs of Henry Miller, dec'd. on the east, by land of John McKee, the heirs of William Irwin, dec'd. and Ovid Pinney on the north, by land of the heirs of Alexander McCullough, dec'd. on the west, and by land of the heirs of John M'Kee on the hill on the south, containing two hundred and ninety acres and sixty-three perches, or thereabouts, on which are erected one double log cabin, one single log cabin and one log stable; about one hundred acres cleared and under fence, the balance in timber. The tract is well watered, and has a small orchard of good fruit trees.

TERMS—One-half of the purchase money to be paid in hand, upon the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the remaining one half thereof to be paid in one year thereafter, with interest thereon from said confirmation, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

apr29 THOS. CUNNINGHAM, Adm'r.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY.

No. 106, Sept. T. 1862.

Robert M'Creery vs. John M'Farland. } Foreign Attachment.—Judgment by default.—Aff. of claim for $496 03 filed.

April 14, 1863. Rule for the Prothonotary to assess the damages and liquidate the amt. of the Judgment in this case on the 4th day of June, A.D. 1863.

apr29 M. WEYAND, Pro.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY, No. 110, JUNE T., 62.

In the matter of the management of the trust estate and funds in the hands of James D. M'Creary, Trustee of Hannah Bush.

Notice is hereby given that the account of said Trustee has been filed in this office; and that the same will be allowed by the Court on the first day of next term, unless cause then be shown against its confirmation.

apr.22'63 M. WEYAND, Pro.

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of THOMPSON HULL, late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARVIN HULL, Economy tp.,
apr29'63. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of JONATHAN KINSEY, late of Georgetown Boro., Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

ANN MARIAH KINSEY, Adm'x.,
apr29 JOHN D. MACKALL, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of ALFRED C. HILL, late of Economy tp. Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ENOS HILL, Economy tp.,
apr29.'63. Administrator.

Important to Tax Payers.

NOTICE, is hereby given to Collectors of Taxes to pay off the balances due on the respective Duplicates on or before March term of Court 1863. The taxes are needed and must be collected in order to meet the demands upon the County.

G. C. BRADSHAW,
feb18'63. Treasurer.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled account with me, or Smith & Collins, within the last twenty years, for Carding, Spinning, &c., will please call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, before the first of October, 1862, and settle the same by cash or note.

jy19,'62. EPH'M. SMITH

STATE AND COUNTY TAX.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State Taxes for 1863, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Georgetown,	May	26,	Hamilton's hotel
Glasgow & Ohio,	do	27,	Smith's hotel.
Industry,	do	28,	Eakin's hotel.
Phillipsburgh,	do	29,	Bimber's hotel.
Freedom,	do	30,	M'Caskey's store.
Harmony,	June	8,	Store.
Rochester tp.,	do	9,	Wm. Johnson's hotel
do boro.,	do	10,	do do
Bridgewater,	do	11,	H. Ankeny's hotel.
Patterson,	do	12,	Robertson's store.
Brighton tp.,	do	13,	R. Eakin's
North Sewickly,	do	16,	N. Hazen's.
Franklin,	do	17;	Autenreith's store.
Marion,	do	18,	G. Hartzell.
Pulaski,	do	19,	R. Wallace.
New Brighton,	do	20,	Huron House.
New Sewickly,	do	22,	George Rauscher's.
Economy,	do	23,	George Minich.
Chippewa,	do	24,	Mrs. Cunningham's.
Big Beaver,	do	25,	Graeling hotel.
Ohio,	do	26,	Daringer's.
Ohio & S. Beaver,	do	27,	Kerr's store.
South Beaver,	do	29,	Jos. Lawrence's
Fallston,	do	30,	Toll house.
Darlington boro	July	2,	A. J. Cook's.
do tp.,	do	3,	J. P. Dilworth's.
Raccoon,	do	6,	D. Ewing's.
Independence,	do	7,	J. Holmes's.
do & Hopewell	do	8,	Reed & Kerr's store.
Hopewell,	do	9,	Robt. Scott's.
Moon,	do	10,	Wm. Elliott's.
Hookstown,	do	13,	B. Swearingen's hotel
do & Greene tp	do	14,	do do
Hanover & Greene,	do	15,	George Miller's.
Frankfort,	do	16,	H. M'Cutcheon's.
Hanover,	do	17,	Short's store.
Borough & Tp.,	do	18,	Treasurer's Office.

Each Payment can be made in any adjoining District. Tax-Payers are expected to procure Bankable funds.

G. C. BRADSHAW,
apr.22.'63. Treasurer.

Quarterly Statement

OF THE BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, Feb. 4, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Bills and Notes discounted, Active	$554,005 13
Same under protest	100 00
Loan to Commonwealth	5,000
Due from other Banks	18,962 11
Notes and Checks of other Banks	
and Treasury Notes	43,350 22
Coin in Vault	9,091 58
Furniture and Office Fixtures	1,958 95
Protest account	1 41
Current Expenses	555,49
Total	$633,022 99

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$475,225 00
Notes in Circulation	2,480
Due Depositors	53,067 11
Profits and Earnings	1,720 13
Dividends unpaid	530,75
Total	$533,022 99

BEAVER COUNTY ss: Before me, a notary public, in and for said County, came Edward Roops, Cashier of the Bank of Beaver County, who being duly affirmed according to law, deposeth that the above statement is correct and true, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS.

Affirmed and subscribed before me this 4th day of Feb. 1863. CUTHBERTSON, N. P.

For Sale at the Beaver Drugt Sore,

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS—THE "LITTLE MONITOR"—to burn with chimneys, a splendid affair. Also Carbon Oil Burners, without chimneys.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good; Coffee, Ext. Coffee, Dandelion Coffee, Gold pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a prime thing; a cheaper article of Syrup, very good; ginger, hominy, hand scrubbing brushes and salt.

Zante currants and Raisons for sale at C. P. Cummins' Drug Store.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of A. D. Gilliland & Co., engaged in the business of mechanicing, was duly dissolved on the 19th day of April, 1862. The Books will be settled at the store of M. Gilliland. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately, as the Books will be closed without delay.

A. D. GILLILAND,
M. GILLILAND.

New Brighton, May 19, 1862.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber living in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, on the evening of the 26th of April, a small Bay Mare, about 5 years old, shod all around, saddle marks, off hind hough enlarged by a cut or bruise; no other marks perceivable. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away, or otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

June11'63 JAMES K. CALHOUN.

Dividend No. 9.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, Nov. 4, 1862.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, for the past 6 months, has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on DEMAND. This dividend will be free of the United States Tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government.

EDWARD HOOPS,
nov19'62 Cashier.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mar26:1y.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in New Sewickley tp., Beaver Co., Pa., on the 6th of October, 1862, a red cow, with a white face, about 6 years old; she had a bell on, and two or three slits in the ear; no other marks visible. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

A. P. SMITH.
oc22:3t.

Lost Dog.

LOST in Rochester, on the 21st of October, a Black Shepherd Dog, with white rim around his neck, and white tip on the end of his tail; answers to the name of "Ring." Any person finding said dog will be suitably rewarded by leaving him at Johnston's Hotel, near Rochester Depot, or at the residence of the subscriber in New Sewickly tp.

nov12 JOHN GARRARD.

Notice.

MY wife, SUSAN WILKINSON, having left my bed and board, all persons are hereby warned not to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

BENONI WILKINSON.
Big Beaver tp.,
mar.8.'63 Lawrence co., Pa.

Wanted Immediately,

FOX, MINK, RACCOON, SKUNK, and MUSKRAT SKINS, for which the highest prices, in Cash, will be paid at the Cheap Clothing Store of I. N. ATKINS, Beaver—sign of the Big Hat.

dec17

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court in and for said County, before the Hon. Judges of said Court. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of George A. Hunter, dec'd.

And now, to wit: March 7, 1863, the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, viz: Isaac Shane and Frances his wife; Robert Hunter; Mary, a sister of intestate, intermarried with Enoch Potter, residing in the county of Louisa, state of Iowa; Louisa, a sister, intermarried with Thomas Scroggs, (now a widow) residing in the county of Louisa aforesaid; Minerva, a sister of intestate, intermarried with Jonah Hasson, of Columbiana county, O.; Jane, a sister of intestate, intermarried with Mrs. Bradshaw, of Beaver county, and all others interested to shew cause, if any they have, why an Inquest to make partition of the real estate of said deceased should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., on the first Monday of June next. (A true copy of Rule.)

ap22 Attest: A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

Beaver County, ss:

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY:

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of John A. M'Gill to William A. Lucas.

And now, to wit, April 15th, 1863, the Court appoint James S. Eaton, Esq., an Auditor to make distribution, and marshall the balance in the hands of the Assignee, among the creditors, and make report at next term.

(A true extract from the Record.)

Attest: M. WEYAND, Pro.

The Auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Clerk's office, in Beaver, on THURSDAY, May 14th, 1863, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at which time parties interested will attend. (ap.22) H. S. EATON, Aud'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of GEORGE BRUCE, late of Moon township, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them for settlement properly authenticated for settlement.

SAM'L SHAFER, Executor.
apr8'63. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of DAVID SCOTT, late of Brighton tp., township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement at

ANDREW WATTERSON,
Brighton tp.
April 15,'63. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN S. M'CONNELL, late of Greene township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ALEX. A. M'COY,
mar18,'63 Executors.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of REBECCA HILL, dec'd., late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same to present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

MARVIN HULL, Economy tp.
ap22 Executor.

To the School Directors of Beaver County.

GENTLEMEN: In pursuance of the 43rd section of the Act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention, at the Court House, in Beaver, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1863, being the 4th day of the month at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and select, from out of, by a majority of the whole number of Directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent, for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same; and certify the result to the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, as required by the 20th and 44th sections of said act.

T. C. CAROTHERS,
Co. Sup't. of Beaver Co.
Frankfort Springs, Apr. 29, '63.

For Rent.

THE large two story Brick House, with kitchen—in all sixteen rooms—suitable for a Boarding House, with garden and about two acres of yards of fruit and shrubbery, good barn, and all necessary out-buildings, known as Stone's residence, at Beaver Point. Also, a private residence, two story brick, with ten acres of land attached to it, with good well, cistern, good barn, and all other necessary out-buildings, situate on the brow of the hill above Beaver Point, now occupied by John S. Lehmer, Esq.

☞ Apply to CHARLES STONE, at the Beaver Point House, or at this office.

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of M'CONNELL & DARRAGH, Fallston, engaged in the Foundry and Machine Business, was duly dissolved on the 3d day of June, 1862. The books of the late firm will be settled by M. Darragh & Co. at their office in Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., where they will continue said business in all its branches. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately. DAVID M'CONNELL,

MATTISON DARRAGH.
Fallston, jel0,'62* S. H. DARRAGH.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having business with the subscriber will please call with Mr. Robert Tallon, who is duly authorized to attend to all business during my absence. Also all persons having unsettled accounts will call and make settlement as soon as possible. As it has become my duty to leave home for the purpose of serving my country, I hope my customers will still give their patronage as usual, as they will find Mr. Tallon at the shop and my son, James, at the tan-yard.

sep8, 1862. JOHN D. STOKES.

A Rare chance for a Good Investment.

FOR SALE

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A COUNTRY STORE, in a good Location, with a large run of custom; situate within 18 miles of Pittsburg. Just in time for Fall and Winter Trade. Stock low at present; no unsalable Goods. Terms easy. For a man of limited capital, no better chance could be offered.—Store and dwelling house for sale or rent.—Address "R. L." Allegheny City, Pa., giving real name, and stating where an interview can be had. Oct.15.

Kerr's Hotel,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.

S. KERR, *Proprietor.*

INTERESTING TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities; painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable. *Explaining, with certain directions, each bottle.* They are known to thousands, who have used them in different parts throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, with the above Pills, which must be used. Each Box contains Price One Dollar per Box, containing upwards of 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail promptly*, by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater sole agent for this County.

E. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
29 Cedar St., New York.

BEAVER DRUG STORE

Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will yield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Oregon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

VANITY FAIR

ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY:

is for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the Office of Publication, No 113 Nassau-street, New York.

TERMS:

Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
Five copies.....12 00
Ten copies.....20 00

An EXTRA copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
New-York.

Office of JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT.
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
140 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct Bonds.

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactories, &c., &c., in the country, and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise, Stamps and Internal Revenue, serve to make these Bonds the

Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Country.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal-Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A sufficient supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

BEAVER
SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE
Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863.

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Lodge, Fuel, &c.....$38 00
Tuition varies from $3 50 to $8 00

For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

R. T. TAYLOR.

$30, Employment. $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL GOODS FOR THE
ADAMS
(A NEW ENGLAND)
Manufacturing Company.

WE WILL GIVE A COMMISSION OF one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages of from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address with stamp.

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen. Ag't,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Detroit, Michigan. July 2, 1862.

NOTICE.

AARON MOORE, of this Borough is the only LICENSED AUCTIONEER in this county. He is, at any time, ready to perform the duties of his office when notified. Any other who attempts to sell at Auction, except at Administrator's sale, does it in violation of law. The penalty is not less than $100.

Beaver, Dec. 10, '62.

$50 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of any person found trespassing or doing malicious mischief on my property, adjoining the farm of Abram Wolf and lot of John Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver. DAVID STONER.

Jan. 28, '63.

Strav.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Chippewa tp., about the 1st of July, a White Heifer, 2 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

Aug. 21—2m. THOS. M'KINLEY.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS,
BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER,
(Shop one door east of Woodley's Hotel,)
BRIDGEWATER, PENN'A.

BEAVER
FEMALE SEMINARY.

Board of Directors—Rev. D. H. A. M'LEAN, D.D.
Rev. D. A. CUNNINGHAM.
Rev. C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

THIS Seminary, having been bought by S. B. Mercer, is being thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished, and will be opened for the reception of Pupils, on

Monday, the 20th of April, '63.

A full corps of Teachers is being selected, who will be present at the opening of the term.

Rates, per Term of Fourteen weeks:

Board and room, furnished.....$38 00
To those furnishing a pair of sheets, pillow-slips, a blanket, and their own towels.....$36 00
Light and Fuel extra. Washing 20 cents per dozen.
Tuition.....from $4 00, to $7 00
Latin, French and German, each.....$5 00
Music and all branches of Drawing and Painting will be taught at the usual prices.—

☞ For further information address any one of the Directors, or

S. B. MERCER,
feb25 Superintendent.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,
54 Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE
SPRING OF 1863,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

mar. 25, '63

A NEW
AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION
OF THE
MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.,

12MO., muslin, price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Pleas address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
118 South Fourth street, Phil'a, Pa.
mar26.

JESSE JOHNSON,
General Commission Merchant
AND
Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce, Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Office and Warehouse, No. 237 South 2d stree
Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments
aug 28.

H. B. ANDERSON,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

THE LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Styles of DRESS GOODS kept constantly on hands and for sale, for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

Beaver, January 14th, 1863.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts:

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Fatitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful indiscretion, &c., &c.

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, and self-inflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York Post Office Box, 4586.

KOLLOCK'S
Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all Bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Bread and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

School Books and Stationery at Wholesale.

The subscriber has always on hand Osgood's & M Guffey's Speller & Readers, Ray's, Arithmetics, Stoddard's Arithmetic, Pinneo's Grammars, Bibles, &c., Testaments, Letter Cap and Commercial Note papers, Envelopes, Blank Books, Pass Books, Steel Pens and Holders, Copy Books, Slates, Ink, Ink stands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c.

Usual discount for cash. Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city. ROBT. S. DAVIS,
feb:18 78 Wood st., Pittsburgh

ELECTION.

THE Stockholders of "the Company for erecting a Bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver," are hereby notified that an election for one President, six Managers, and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said company, on the last Monday (the 27th day) of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

mar17, '63. JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of SAMUEL BAXTER, late of Pulaski township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDMUND BOOTS, North Sewickly tp,
SAMUEL BOOTS, "
feb 18 '62 Executors.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH,

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

DEVOTED TO

CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

Poetry, Novelettes, Tales,

AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.
Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be cured for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered, through the medium of the body will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

New Goods!!

B. S. RANGER,
Bridgewater, Pa.,

HAS just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS,

which will be offered at *PANIC PRICES.*

Amongst his stock can, at all times, be found a variety of

DRESS GOODS, MUSLINS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c., &c.,
IRON & STEEL, all varieties.
NAILS by the pound or keg.
WHITE LEAD and VARNISH.
LARD, SPERM, LINSEED & CARBON OILS
WINDOW GLASS, all sizes,
QUEENSWARE, LOOKING-GLASSES, &c.,

All of which will be sold low for Cash, or Country Produce.

Bridgewater, May 7, 1862.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,
ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

CRITTENDEN'S
PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL
COLLEGE,
N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

Knox Fruit Farm & Nurseries.

For many years we have made the cultivation of SMALL FRUITS a specialty, and taking into account VARIETY, QUANTITY and QUALITY, our Stock of Vines and Plants of

GRAPES. BLACKBERRIES,
STAWERRIES, GOOSEBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES, CURRANTS, &c. &c.

is unequaled anywhere, which we offer on the most favorable terms. Parties wishing to purchase would do well to correspond with us, or send for our PRICE LIST, which will be sent to all applicants free of charge.

Our Seed Store and Horticulture House

IS AT

No. 29 Fifth Street,

where all articles belonging to such an establishment can be had of the best quality.

J. KNOX.
Box 155, Pittsburg, Pa.

WM. MILLER, Phil'a....C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsb'g

MILLER & RICKETSON,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND IMPORTERS OF
Brandies, Wines and Segars,

Nos. 223, *Cor. of Liberty & Irwin sts.*
PITTSBURG, PA.
Iron, Nails, ton Yarn, &c., &c., constantly on hand. [aug6

"The Union,"
Arch Street above Third,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public
TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

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HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where, the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their Friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

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Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

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Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

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Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

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From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large: its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

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Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required to use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

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☞ For further information and terms, apply to Rev. D. A. Cunningham, Bridgewater, the undersigned, or any member of the Board of Trustees. By order of the Board.

Beaver, Feb 24, '62, H. HICE, Sec'y.

Beaver Hotel,
JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
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JOHN B. YOUNG,
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(BEAVER, PA.)

☞ Office in the Court House.
Jan. 20, 1862

AYER'S
CHERRY
PECTORAL,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

BRIDFIELD, MASS., 20th Dec., 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your CHERRY PECTORAL. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of Utica, N. Y., writes: "I have used your *Pectoral* myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for its purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Feb. 7, 1856.

BROTHER AYER: I will cheerfully certify your *Pectoral* is the best remedy we possess for the cure of whooping cough, croup, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people.

HIRAM CONKLIN, M. D.

AMOS LEE, Esq., MONTERET, IA., writes, 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me in doors six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your *Pectoral* by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Pathisic, and Bronchitis.

WEST MANCHESTER, Pa., Feb. 4, 1856.

SIR: Your *Cherry Pectoral* is performing marvellous cures in this section. It has relieved several from alarming symptoms of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years. HENRY L. PARKS, Merchant.

A. A. RAMSEY, M. D., ALBION, MONROE CO., IOWA, writes, Sept. 6, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your *Cherry Pectoral* for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption.

Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the *Cherry Pectoral* affords relief and comfort.

ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK CITY, March 5, 1856.

DOCTOR AYER, LOWELL: I feel it a duty and a pleasure to inform you what your *Cherry Pectoral* has done for my wife. She had been five months laboring under the dangerous symptoms of Consumption, from which no aid we could procure gave her much relief. She was steadily failing, until Dr. Strong, of this city, where we have come for advice, recommended a trial of your medicine. We bless his kindness, as we do your skill; for she has recovered from that day. She is not yet as strong as she used to be, but is free from her cough, and calls herself, well.

Yours with gratitude and regard,
ORLANDO SHELBY, OF, SHELBYVILLE.

Consumptives, do not despair till you have tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cures all around us bespeak the high merits of its virtues.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed their utmost to produce this best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these PILLS have virtues which surpass in excellence the ordinary medicines, and that they win unprecedentedly upon the esteem of all men. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of my remedies, while others have sent me the assurance of their conviction that my Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of my afflicted, suffering fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish, gratis my American Almanac, containing directions for their use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from a foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the Bowels and Piles arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Ulcerous and Cutaneous Diseases which require an evacuant medicine, Scrofula or King's Evil. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with some other pill they make more profit on. Ask for AYER'S PILLS, and take nothing else. No other they can give you compares with this in its intrinsic value or curative powers. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

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